## **Sample Code of Conduct**

#### **Ethical Commitment**

1. The (name of company) (hereafter referred to as the Company) regards honesty, integrity and fair play as our core values that must be upheld by all directors and staff<sup>1</sup> of the Company at all times. This Code sets out the basic standard of conduct expected of all directors and staff, and the Company's policy on acceptance of advantage and handling of conflict of interest when dealing with the Company's business.

## **Prevention of Bribery**

- 2. The Company prohibits all forms of bribery and corruption. All directors and staff are prohibited from soliciting, accepting or offering any bribe in conducting the Company's business or affairs, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere. In conducting all business or affairs of the Company, they must comply with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (POBO) of Hong Kong and must not:
  - (a) solicit or accept any advantage from others as a reward for or inducement to doing any act or showing favour in relation to the Company's business or affairs, or offer any advantage to an agent of another as a reward for or inducement to doing any act or showing favour in relation to his principal's business or affairs:
  - (b) offer any advantage to any public servant (incl. Government / public body employee) as a reward for or inducement to his performing any act in his official capacity or his showing any favour or providing any assistance in business dealing with the Government / a public body; or
  - (c) offer any advantage to any staff of a Government department or public body while they are having business dealing with the latter.

(The relevant provisions of the POBO are at **Annex 1**.)

## **Acceptance of Advantage**

3. It is the Company's policy that directors and staff should not solicit or accept any advantage for themselves or others, from any person, company or organisation having business dealings with the Company or any subordinate, except that they may accept (but not solicit) the following when offered on a voluntary basis:

(b)	0	on festive or s _ in value; or	pecial occ	asions, subje	ect to a ma	ximum limit o	of
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advertising or promotional gifts or souvenirs of a nominal value; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Staff" cover full-time, part-time and temporary staff, except where specified.

- (c) discounts or other special offers given by any person or company to them as customers, on terms and conditions equally applicable to other customers in general.
- 4. Gifts or souvenirs described in paragraph 3(a) that are presented to directors and staff in official functions are deemed as offers to the Company. The directors and staff concerned should report the acceptance to the Company and seek direction as to how to handle the gifts or souvenirs from *the approving authority*<sup>2</sup> using Form A (Annex 2). If a director or staff member wishes to accept any advantage not covered in paragraph 3, he/she should also seek permission from *the approving authority* using Form A.
- 5. However, a director or staff member should decline an offer of advantage if acceptance could affect his/her objectivity in conducting the Company's business or induce him/her to act against the interest of the Company, or acceptance will likely lead to perception or allegation of impropriety.
- 6. If a director or staff member has to act on behalf of a client in the course of carrying out the Company's business, he/she should also comply with any additional restrictions on acceptance of advantage that may be set by the client (e.g. directors and staff members performing any duties under a government or public body contract will normally be prohibited from accepting advantages in relation to that contract).

### Offer of Advantage

7. Directors and staff are prohibited from offering advantages to any director, staff member or agent of another company or organisation, for the purpose of influencing such person in any dealing, or any public official, whether directly or indirectly through a third party, when conducting the Company's business. Even when an offer of advantage carries no intention of improper influence, it should be ascertained that the intended recipient is permitted by his employer/principal to accept it under the relevant circumstance before the advantage is offered.

#### **Entertainment**

8. Although entertainment<sup>3</sup> is an acceptable form of business and social behaviour, a director or staff member should avoid accepting lavish or frequent entertainment from persons with whom the Company has business dealing (e.g. suppliers or contractors) or from his/her subordinates to avoid placing himself/herself in a position of obligation.

#### **Records, Accounts and Other Documents**

9. Directors and staff should ensure that all records, receipts, accounts or other documents they submit to the Company give a true representation of the facts, events or business transactions as shown in the documents. Intentional use of documents

<sup>3</sup> According to the POBO, "entertainment" means the provision of food or drink, for consumption on the occasion when it is provided, and of any other entertainment connected with or provided at the same time as the provision of food or drink.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Specify the post of the approving authority in the Code and the Form.

containing false information to deceive or mislead the Company, regardless of whether there is any gain or advantage involved, may constitute an offence under the POBO.

## Compliance with Laws of Hong Kong and in Other Jurisdictions

10. Directors or staff must comply with all local laws and regulations when conducting the Company's business, and also those in other jurisdictions when conducting business there or where applicable<sup>4</sup>.

#### **Conflict of Interest**

- 11. Directors and staff should avoid any conflict of interest situation (i.e. situation where their private interest conflicts with the interest of the Company) or the perception of such conflicts. When actual or potential conflict of interest arises, the director or staff member should make a declaration to *the approving authority* through the reporting channel using Form B (Annex 3).
- 12. Some common examples of conflict of interest are described below but they are by no means exhaustive:
  - (a) A staff member involved in a procurement exercise is closely related to or has financial interest in the business of a supplier who is being considered for selection by the Company.
  - (b) One of the candidates under consideration in a recruitment or promotion exercise is a family member, a relative or a close personal friend of the staff member involved in the process.
  - (c) A director of the Company has financial interest in a company whose quotation or tender is under consideration by the Board.
  - (d) A staff member (full-time or part-time) undertaking part-time work with a contractor whom he is responsible for monitoring.

## Misuse of Official Position, Company Assets and Information

- 13. Directors and staff must not misuse their official position in the Company to pursue their own private interests, which include both financial and personal interests and those of their family members, relatives or close personal friends.
- 14. Directors and staff in charge of or having access to any Company assets, including funds, property, information, and intellectual property, should use them solely for the purpose of conducting the Company's business. Unauthorised use, such as misuse for personal interest, is strictly prohibited.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Some other countries' anti-bribery laws have provisions with extra-territorial effect, e.g. the UK's Bribery Act 2010, the USA's Foreign Corrupt Practices Act.

15. Directors and staff should not disclose any classified information of the Company without authorisation or misuse any Company information (e.g. unauthorised sale of the information). Those who have access to or are in control of such information, including information in the Company's computer system, should protect the information from unauthorised disclosure or misuse. Special care should also be taken in the use of any personal data, including directors', staff's and customers' personal data, to ensure compliance with Hong Kong's Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance.

## **Outside Employment**

16. If a staff member wishes to take up employment outside the Company, he must seek the prior written approval of *the approving authority*. *The approving authority* should consider whether the outside employment would give rise to a conflict of interest with the staff member's duties in the Company or the interest of the Company.

# Relationship with Suppliers, Contractors and Customers Gambling

17. Directors and staff are advised not to engage in frequent gambling activities (e.g. mahjong) with persons having business dealings with the Company.

#### Loans

18. Directors and staff should not accept any loan from, or through the assistance of, any individual or organisation having business dealings with the Company. There is however no restriction on borrowing from licensed banks or financial institutions.

[The Company may wish to include other guidelines on the conduct required of directors and staff in their dealings with suppliers, contractors, customers, and other business partners as appropriate to specific trades.]

## **Compliance with the Code**

19. It is the responsibility of every director and staff member of the Company to understand and comply with this Code, whether performing his duties of the Company in or outside Hong Kong. Managers and supervisors should also ensure that the staff under their supervision understand well and comply with this Code.

20. Any director or staff member in breach of this Code will be subject to disciplinary action, including termination of appointment. Any enquiries about this Code or reports of possible breaches of this Code should be made to (post of a designated senior staff member). In cases of suspected corruption or other criminal offences, a report should be made to the appropriate authority.
(Name of Company) Date:

## **Extracts of the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201)**

#### **Section 9**

- (1) Any agent who, without lawful authority or reasonable excuse, solicits or accepts any advantage as an inducement to or reward for or otherwise on account of his
  - (a) doing or forbearing to do, or having done or forborne to do, any act in relation to his principal's affairs or business; or
  - (b) showing or forbearing to show, or having shown or forborne to show, favour or disfavour to any person in relation to his principal's affairs or business,

shall be guilty of an offence.

- (2) Any person, who, without lawful authority or reasonable excuse, offers any advantage to any agent as an inducement to or reward for or otherwise on account of the agent's
  - (a) doing or forbearing to do, or having done or forborne to do, any act in relation to his principal's affairs or business; or
  - (b) showing or forbearing to show, or having shown or forborne to show, favour or disfavour to any person in relation to his principal's affairs or business,

shall be guilty of an offence.

- (3) Any agent who, with intent to deceive his principal, uses any receipt, account or other document
  - (a) in respect of which the principal is interested; and
  - (b) which contains any statement which is false or erroneous or defective in any material particular; and
  - (c) which to his knowledge is intended to mislead the principal,

shall be guilty of an offence.

- (4) If an agent solicits or accepts an advantage with the permission of his principal, being permission which complies with subsection (5), neither he nor the person who offered the advantage shall be guilty of an offence under subsection (1) or (2).
- (5) For the purposes of subsection (4) permission shall
  - (a) be given before the advantage is offered, solicited or accepted; or
  - (b) in any case where an advantage has been offered or accepted without prior permission, be applied for and given as soon as reasonably possible after such offer or acceptance,

and for such permission to be effective for the purposes of subsection (4), the principal shall, before giving such permission, have regard to the circumstances in which it is sought.

#### **Section 4**

- 1) Any person who, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, without lawful authority or reasonable excuse, offers any advantage to a public servant as an inducement to or reward for or otherwise on account of that public servant's-
  - (a) performing or abstaining from performing, or having performed or abstained from performing, any act in his capacity as a public servant:
  - (b) expediting, delaying, hindering or preventing, or having expedited, delayed, hindered or prevented, the performance of an act, whether by that public servant or by any other public servant in his or that other public servant's capacity as a public servant; or
  - (c) assisting, favouring, hindering or delaying, or having assisted, favoured, hindered or delayed, any person in the transaction of any business with a public body,

shall be guilty of an offence.

(3) If a public servant other than a prescribed officer solicits or accepts an advantage with the permission of the public body of which he is an employee being permission which complies with subsection (4), neither he nor the person who offered the advantage shall be guilty of an offence under this section.

#### **Section 8**

- (1) Any person who, without lawful authority or reasonable excuse, while having dealings of any kind with the Government through any department, office or establishment of the Government, offers any advantage to any prescribed officer employed in that department, office or establishment of the Government, shall be guilty of an offence.
- (2) Any person who, without lawful authority or reasonable excuse, while having dealings of any kind with any other public body, offers any advantage to any public servant employed by that public body, shall be guilty of an offence.

## **Extracts of the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201)**

## **Section 2**

## "Advantage" means :

- (a) any gift, loan, fee, reward or commission consisting of money or of any valuable security or of other property or interest in property of any description;
- (b) any office, employment or contract;
- (c) any payment, release, discharge or liquidation of any loan, obligation or other liability, whether in whole or in part;
- (d) any other service, or favour (other than entertainment), including protection from any penalty or disability incurred or apprehended or from any action or proceedings of a disciplinary, civil or criminal nature, whether or not already instituted;
- (e) the exercise or forbearance from the exercise of any right or any power or duty;
- (f) any offer, undertaking or promise, whether conditional or unconditional, of any advantage within the meaning of any of the preceding paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e),

but does not include an election donation within the meaning of the Elections (Corrupt and Illegal Conduct) Ordinance (Cap. 554), particulars of which are included in an election return in accordance with that Ordinance.

#### "Entertainment" means:

The provision of food or drink, for consumption on the occasion when it is provided, and of any other entertainment connected with, or provided at the same time as, such provisions.

#### **Section 19**

In any proceedings for an offence under this Ordinance, it shall not be a defence to show that any such advantage as is mentioned in this Ordinance is customary in any profession, trade, vocation or calling.

# (Company Name) REPORT ON GIFTS/ADVANTAGES RECEIVED

Part A	A – To be completed by Receiving Staff			
To:	(Approving Authority)			
N C	iption of Offeror :  Iame & Title :  Iompany :  elationship (Business / Personal) :			
	sion on which the Gift/Advantage is to be received:			
	iption & (assessed) value of the Advantage:			
Sugge	ested Method of Disposal :	Remark		
( )	Retain by the Receiving Staff			
( )	Retain for Display / as a Souvenir in the Office	<u> </u>		
( )	Share among the Office			
( )	Reserve as Lucky Draw Prize at Staff Function			
( )	Donate to a Charitable Organisation			
( )	Return to Offeror			
( )	Others (please specify):			
(Date)	)	(Name of Receiving Staff) (Title / Department)		
Part I	B – To be completed by Approving Authority			
To:	(Name of Receiving Staff)			
conce	The recommended method of disposal is *a rned should be disposed of by way of:	approved / not approved. *The gift/advantage		
(Date)		(Name of Approving Authority) (Title / Department)		

\*Delete as appropriate

## (Company Name) DECLARATION OF CONFLICT OF INTEREST

**Part A – Declaration** (*To be completed by Declaring Staff* )

To: (Approving Authority) via (supervisor of the Declaring Staff)

I would like to report the following actual/potential\* conflict of interest situation arising during the discharge of my official duties:-

	Persons/companies with whom/which I have official dealings						
	My relationship with the persons/companies (e.g. relative)  Relationship of the persons/companies with our Company (e.g. supplier)						
ate)	(Name of Declaring Staff) (Title / Department)						
rt B	3 – <b>Acknowledgement</b> (To be completed by Approving Authority)						
:	(Declaring Staff) via (supervisor of the Declaring Staff)						
	Acknowledgement of Declaration						
cide	The information contained in your declaration form of(Date) is noted. It has been ed that:-						
	☐ You should refrain from performing or getting involved in performing the work, described in Part A, which may give rise to a conflict.						
	☐ You may continue to handle the work as described in Part A, provided that there is a change in the information declared above, and you must uphold the Company's interest without being influenced by your private interest.						
	☐ Others (please specify) :						
	(Name of Approving Authority)						

\*Delete as appropriate